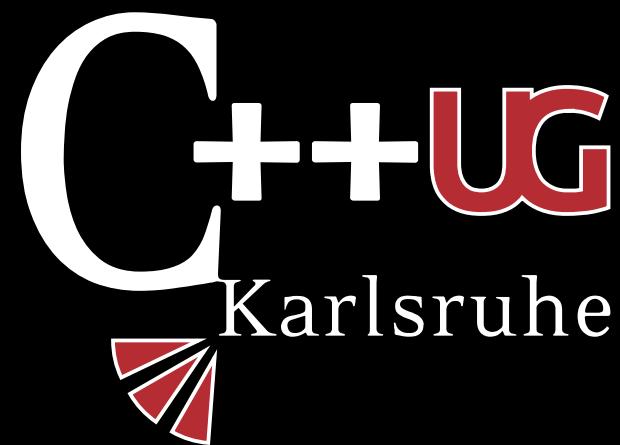


C++ Named Return Value Optimization

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meetup.com/c-user-group-karlsruhe


```
auto create() -> T
{
    T castor /* initialize */;
    // ...
    return castor;
}
```

```
void use()
{
    T pollux = create();
    // ...
}
```



variable  object  resource

```
{  
    Type variable /* initialize */;  
    // ...  
    // ...  
}  
;
```

```
{  
    Type variable /* initialize */;  
    // ...  
    return stuff;  
}
```

```
{  
    Type variable /* initialize */;  
    // ...  
    throw stuff;  
}
```

variable  object  clean-up
scope left → destroyed → executed

```
class Type
{
    // ...

    ~Type()
    {
        // clean-up code
    }

};
```

```
{  
    Type variable /* init */ ;  
    Type other_var = variable;  
    // ...  
}
```

variable  object  clean-up

different



independent



independent

```
{  
    Type variable /* init */ ;  
    {  
        Type other_var = variable;  
        // ...  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

variable  object  resource


```
int  
MyInt  
array<int, 10>  
vector<int>
```

```
{  
    int castor = 0;  
    int pollux = castor;  
  
    assert(castor == pollux);  
  
    castor = 1729;  
    pollux = -1;  
  
    assert(castor != pollux);  
}
```

```
{  
    vector<int> castor(1000);  
    vector<int> pollux = castor;  
  
    assert(castor == pollux);  
  
    castor.at(42) = 1729;  
    pollux.at(42) = -1;  
  
    assert(castor != pollux);  
}
```

int

MyInt

array<int, 10>

vector<int> ← special

`vector<int>`

object



memory allocation

resource

```
{  
    vector<int> castor(1000);  
    vector<int> pollux = castor;  
  
    assert(castor == pollux);  
  
    castor.at(42) = 1729;  
    pollux.at(42) = -1;  
  
    assert(castor != pollux);  
}
```

variable  object  resource

different



independent



independent

variable object resource

initialize
from copy

copy

clone

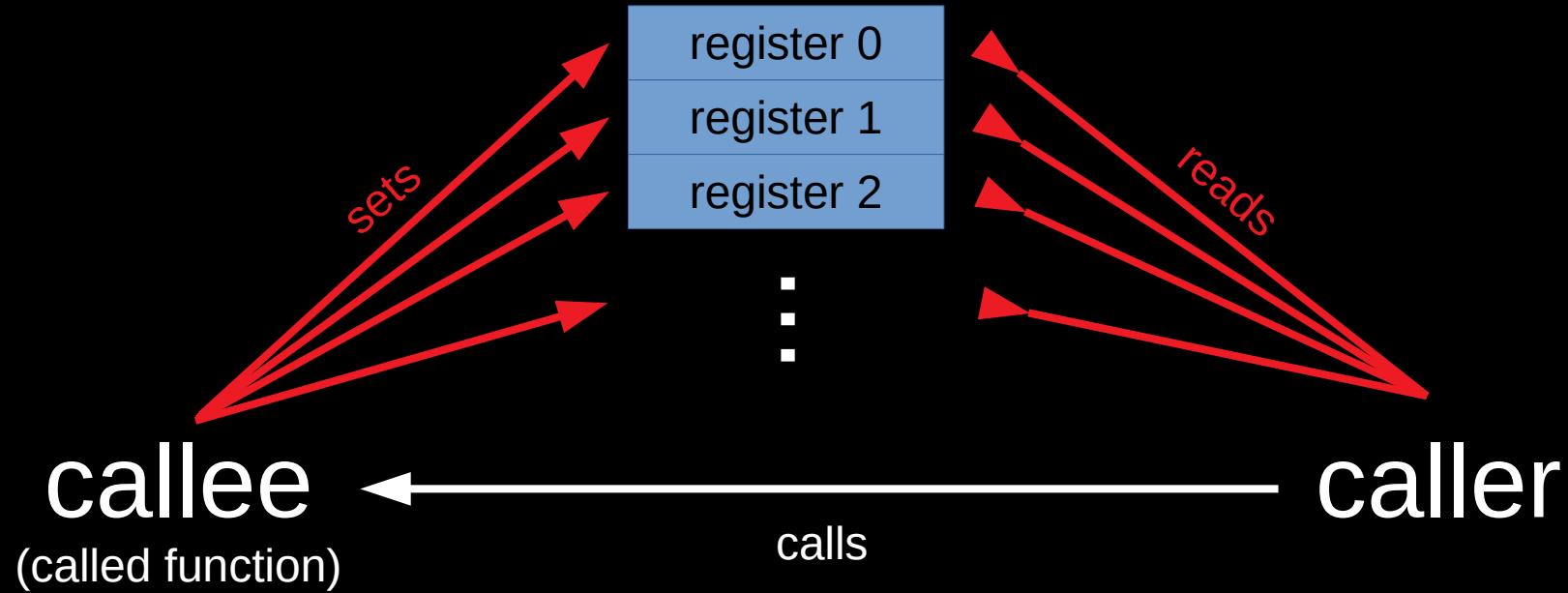
variable object resource

```
auto create() -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> castor(1000);
    // ...
    return castor;
}

void use()
{
    vector<int> pollux = create();
    // ...
}
```

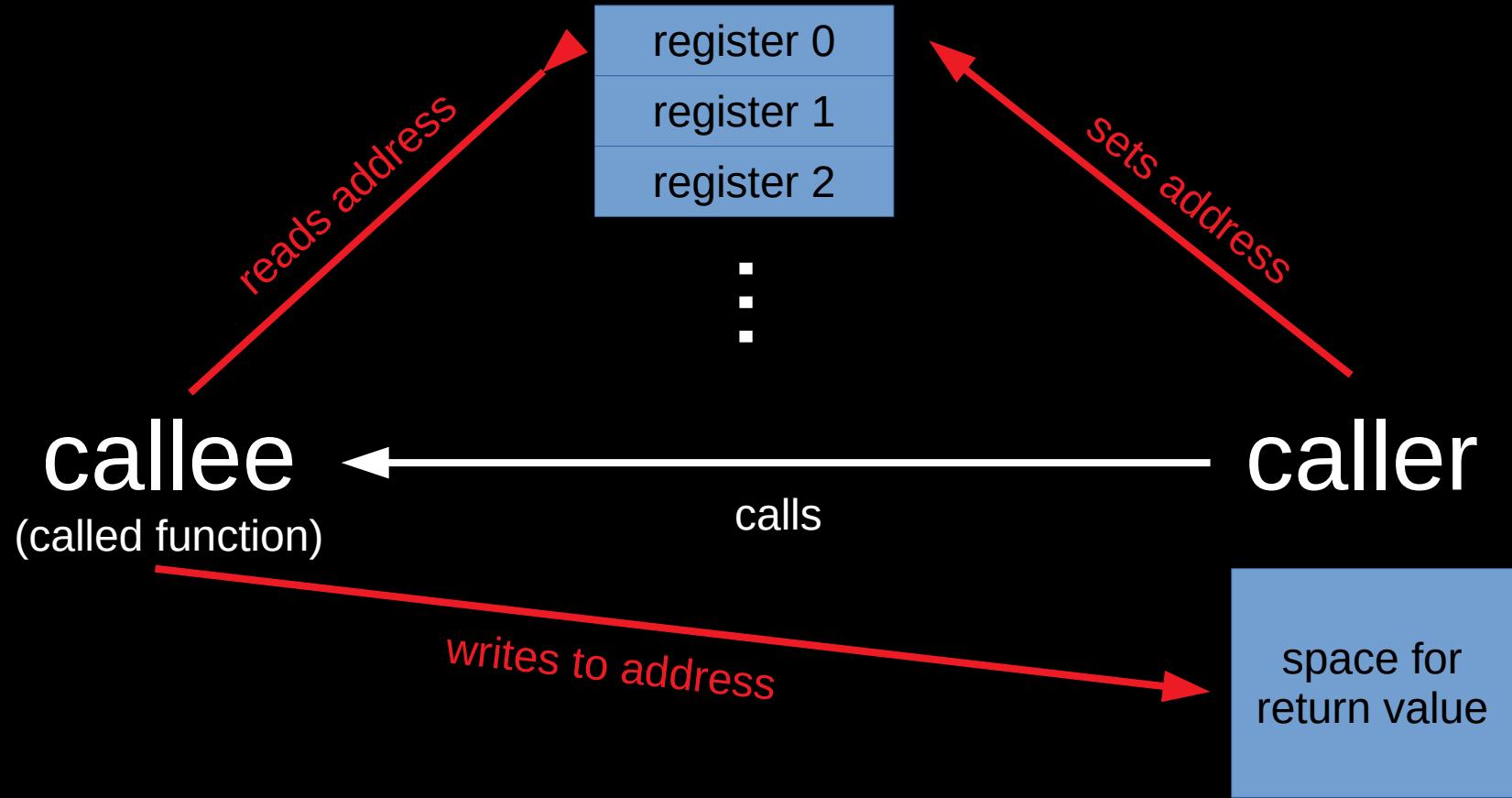
variable  object  resource


```
int_pair p() {                                movl    $0, %eax
    int_pair r = {0};                         ret
    return r;
}
```



```
int_pair p() {                                movl    $0, %eax
    int_pair r = {0};                         ret
    return r;
}
```

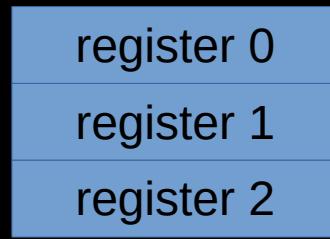
```
int_quadruple q() {                           movl    $0, %eax
    int_quadruple r = {0};                   movl    $0, %edx
    return r;
}
```



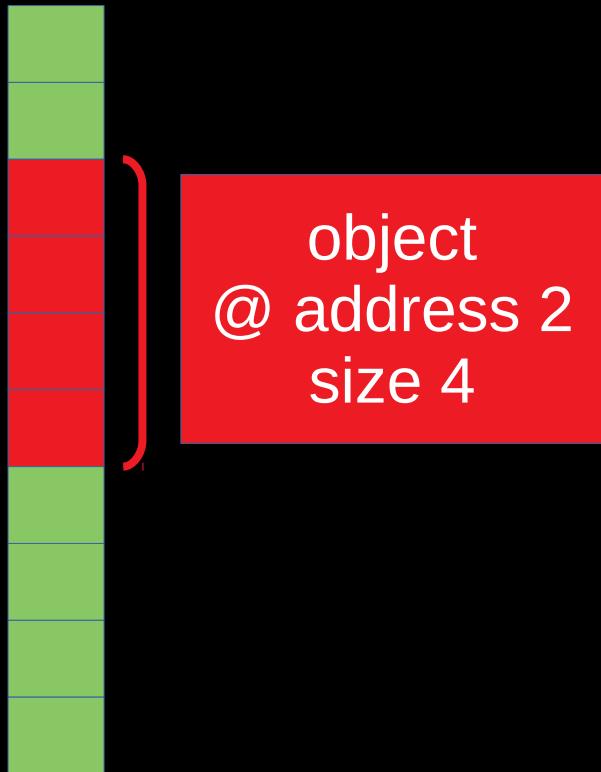
RAM



register



RAM



register

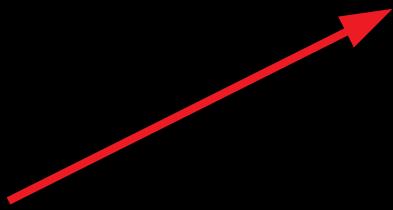
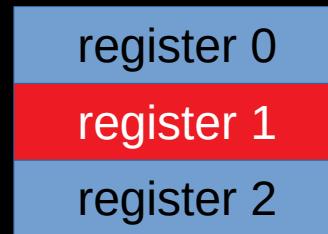


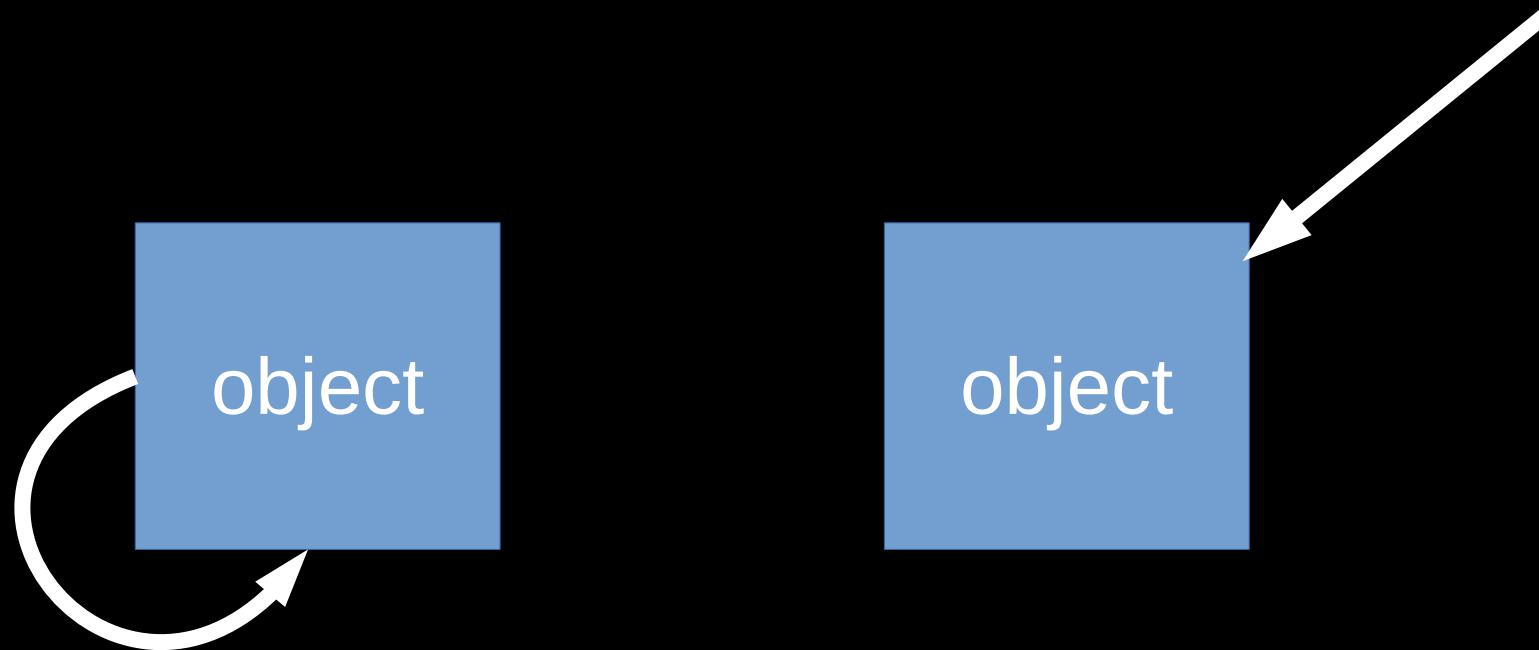
RAM



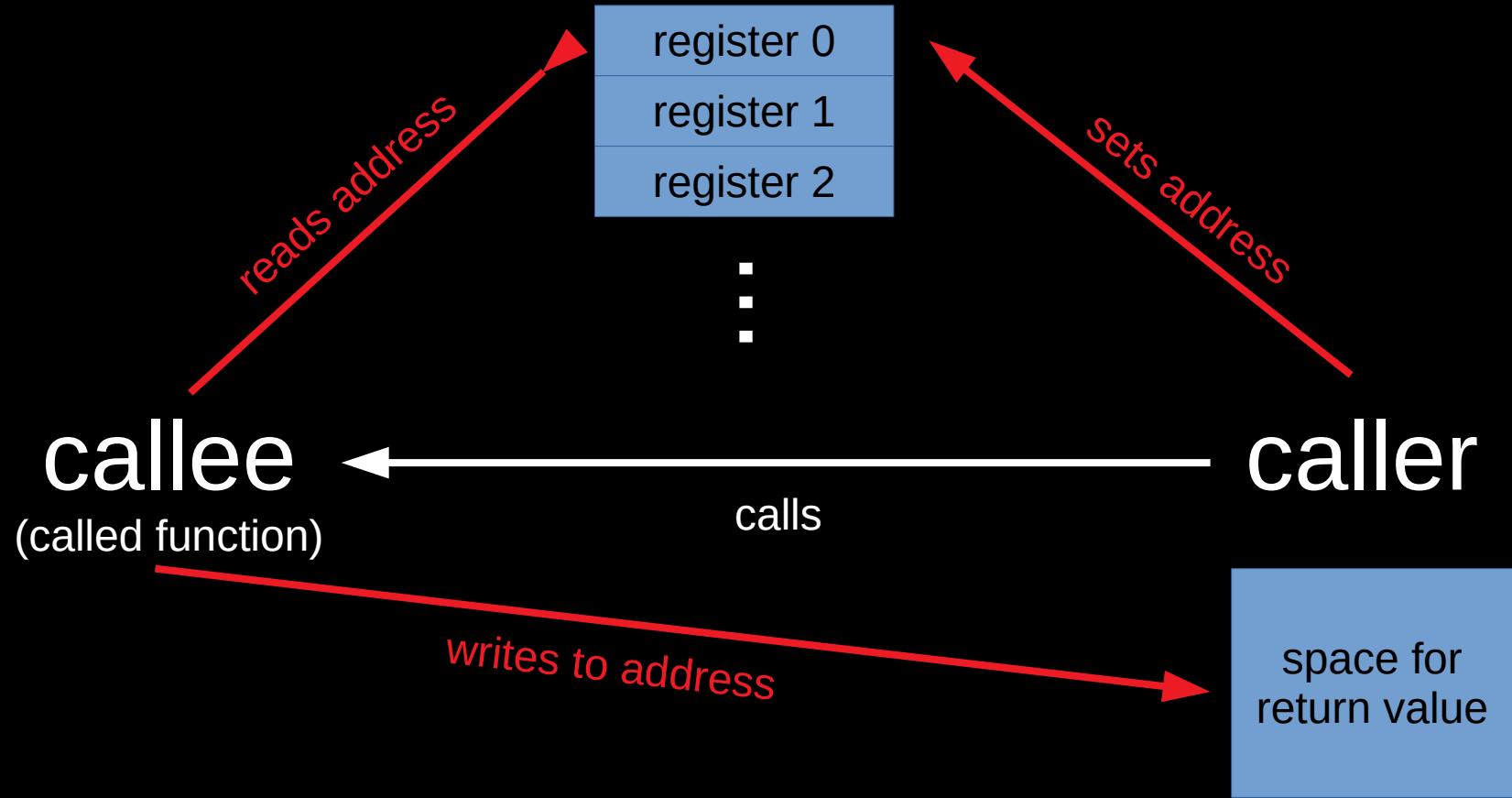
object
@ address 2
size 4

register





trivially copyable



variable  object  resource

indirect return
for non-trivially-copyable


```
void use()
{
    vector<int> pollux = create();

    // ...
}

auto create() -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> castor(1000);
    // ...
    return castor;
}
```

```
void use()
{
    buffer< vector<int> > future_pollux;
    create(&future_pollux);
    vector<int>& pollux = future_pollux;
    // ...
}

void create(buffer< vector<int> *>* ret)
{
    vector<int> castor(1000);
    // ...
    new(ret) vector<int>(castor);
}
```

```
void create(
    buffer< vector<int> >* ret)
{
    vector<int> castor(1000);
    new(ret) vector<int>(castor);

}

pushq    %rbx
subq    $32, %rsp
movq    %rdi, %rbx
movl    $1000, %esi
movq    %rsp, %rdi
call    vector<int>::vector(int)

movq    %rsp, %rsi
movq    %rbx, %rdi
call    vector<int>
        ::vector(vector<int> const&)

movq    %rsp, %rdi
call    vector<int>::~vector()
movq    %rbx, %rax
addq    $32, %rsp
popq    %rbx
ret
```

```
void create(  
    buffer< vector<int> >* ret)  
{  
  
    new(ret) vector<int>(1000);  
  
    pushq    %rbx  
    movq    %rdi, %rbx  
    movl    $1000, %esi  
    call    vector<int>::vector(int)  
  
}  
  
    movq    %rbx, %rax  
    popq    %rbx  
    ret
```

NRVO

=

indirect return

- unnecessary operations

```
void use()
{
    vector<int> pollux = create();

    // ...
}

auto create() -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> castor(1000);
    // ...
    return castor;
}
```

pollux
castor

object

different



same



same



observable behaviour is guaranteed
but not how it is achieved

```
int x = 0;
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < 100; ++i)  
    x += i;
```

```
cout << x;
```

```
mov edi, offset std::cout  
mov esi, 4950  
call ostream::operator<<(int)
```

observable behaviour is guaranteed
but not how it is achieved

*except NRVO / copy elision

resource management
is
potentially observable

limits of NRVO

- local variable
- same type as return type

```
auto no_nrvo() -> vector<int>
{
    array< vector<int>, 2 > ogre;

    return ogre.at(0);
}
```

limits of NRVO

- local variable
- same type as return type
- complete object

```
auto nrvo(bool b) -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> thor(500);
    vector<int> loki(900);

    if(b)
        return thor;
    else
        return loki;
}
```

limits of NRVO

- local variable
- same type as return type
- complete object
- compiler smartness

```
auto nrvo() -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> thor(500);
    vector<int> loki(900);

    if(read_char() == 'a')
        return thor;
    else
        return loki;
}
```

limits of NRVO

- local variable
- same type as return type
- complete object
- compiler smartness
- observable behaviour

variable  object  resource

variable  object 

moving is great! but...

- for some types it is still slow
- don't want to write it explicitly

```
auto nrvo() -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> thor(500);
    vector<int> loki(900);

    if(read_char() == 'a')
        return thor;
    else
        return loki;
}
```

NRVO > move > copy

```
auto no_nrvo() -> vector<int>
{
    vector<int> thor(500);
    vector<int> loki(900);

    if(readChar() == 'a')
        return move(thor);
    else
        return move(loki);
}
```

